

STRATEGY FOR MONITORING AND EVALUATION of FINANCE THINK Economic Research and Policy Institute 2021 - 2023





Introduction

Finance Think is an independent and non-for-profit economic research and policy institute, founded in 2012. **The vision** of the institute is to steer economic thinking for increased wellbeing tomorrow, while its **mission** is to enhance the impact of economic and social trends and policies on citizens in North Macedonia and the Western Balkans, through economic research, evidence-based and data-driven advocacy, and steering critical debate on democratic and economic processes.

In order to make success in our vision and mission, it is critical that FINANCE THINK be monitored and evaluated on an ongoing basis, so that any lack of progress is detected early enough for corrective measures to be implemented and good strategies are documented.

The overall work of FINANCE THINK will be subject of an annual review. The M&E for the previous year will be conducted each January next year, and the results will be publicly published, within the Annual Report of the Institute. Upon request, a periodic monitoring and evaluation may be done.

The Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL) Committee is responsible for conducting the MEL of FINANCE THINK.

This M&E Strategy gives support for the strategic management, given that its purpose is to evaluate the actions in order to make better decisions on the strategic directions of the Institute.

1. Objectives of Finance Think

FINANCE THINK is an economic think tank with primary objective to enhance the impact of economic, social and development trends and policies on citizens in North Macedonia and the Western Balkans, through research, evidence-based and data-driven advocacy, and steering critical debate on democratic and economic processes.

The research of Finance Think helps policymakers, policy advocates, opinion makers, journalists, and the public understand the issues affecting ordinary citizens.

Based on its articles of association, Finance Think strives to achieve three statutory objectives. These are:

- To contribute to improve economic, social and development policies and reforms through producing evidence, based on research and driven by data. Specifically, this strategic objective is founded on conducting first-class economic empirical and policy-oriented research, founded on sufficient theoretical basis and executed by the means of the state-of-the-art economic methods, while being relevant and beneficial for domestic and/or regional policymakers.
- To increase the effect of Finance Thinks' products on target groups (skills), policy-making (policies and reforms), and society (awareness). Specifically, this strategic objective is founded on the premise that Finance Think's work is done for the benefit of the society, channelled through influence onto the policy formulation and implementation process, through affecting the discourse of the public debate, and through direct impact onto the skills and work of immediate target groups.
- To develop the institutional capacity of Finance Think, in terms of research, advocacy, funding and communication, to have a stronger impact on economic reforms and the effects policies have for citizens. Specifically, this strategic objective is founded on the premise for a permanent investment in building capacities and networks, both organizational and individual, for the purpose of better research, increased domestic and international visibility and increased overall reputation. The M&E Framework is presented at Figure 1, as a matrix, where vertical components are the three main objectives while horizontal components are the inputs and expected outcomes.

Figure 1: M&E Matrix

Objectives	Inputs	Outcomes
To contribute to improve economic policies and reforms through producing evidence, based on economic research and driven by economic data	Knowledge and skills to produce studies/analysis	Improved economic policies and reforms
To increase the effect that Finance	Advocacy efforts	
Think's products (work) have on	Dissemination tools	Enhanced effect on target groups,
target groups (skills), economic policymaking (policies and reforms), and	Trainings and workshops	economic policymaking and society
society (awareness)	Mentorship and direct work	
To develop the institutional capac-	Trainings, workshops and conferences	
ity of Finance Think, in terms of research, advocacy, funding and communication, to have a stronger	Networks and initiatives	Enhanced institutional capacity
impact on economic reforms and the effects economic policies have for	Partnering	
citizens	Retreats for team cohesion	

2. Policy influence levels and outputs

The main policy influence outputs are:

- Research and publication (policy studies, briefs, FT Comment, FT Opinion, Macro Monitor, Quality of Life, books, journal articles, and other publications)
- Visualizations (graphs, info-graphs, GIFs, videos and web platforms)
- Capacity building events (workshops, training)
- Events (round tables, economic forums, focus groups)
- Advocacy and communications (media, social networks, web-site, blog-platforms)
- Internal policies and documents (Annual Report, M&E report, Annual Program of Activities, strategies, rulebooks)

There are three levels of influence:

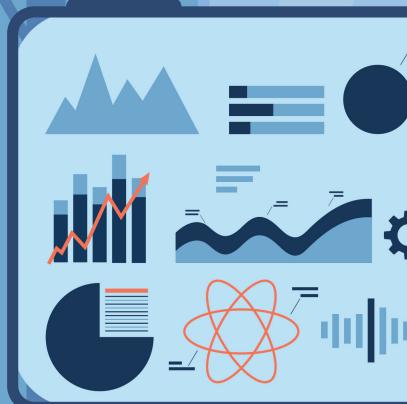
- Policymaking actors (individual policymakers, Ministries and other governmental institutions)
- Specific target groups (women, marginalized persons, poor, unemployed persons, youth, Roma, etc.)
- General public

Figure 2 shows the connection between the policy influence levels and outputs.

Figure 2: Policy influence levels and outputs 3.

Level	Outputs				
	Research outputs				
Policies	Publications (briefs, evaluations)				
	Events				
	Capacity building events				
Towart groups	Focus groups				
Target groups	Interviews				
	Direct interventions (programs)				
	Visualizations				
Public	Events				
	Media participation				





3. Monitoring and Evaluation Strategy of FINANCE THINK

3.1 Objective 1: To contribute to improve economic policies and reforms through producing evidence, based on economic research and driven by economic data

One of the Institute's objectives is to produce evidence, based on economic research and driven by economic data, in order to improve the economic policies and reforms. In order to fulfill this objective, the following process of changes should be followed:



Short-term changes:

Increased number of publications

Increased number of external experts and journalists participating in FT projects

Enhanced cooperation with think tanks

Generated new data



Long-term changes:

Increased supply of economic research

Increased capacity among target groups for economic research Strengthened quality review process



Ultimate change:

Enhanced data- driven evidence, based on economic research that improves economic policies and reforms.

Table 1 gives detailed information on the outcomes, indicators, outputs and assumptions that will be monitor and evaluated in order to follow the progress in achieving this objective, and detect potential underachievement in their early stage.

Table 1: Monitoring and evaluation strategy for Objective 1

Objectives and out- comes	Objective	Indicator	Base- line (2020)	2021	2022	2023	Data source	Outputs	Assumptions
Objective 1. Long term outcomes	To contribute to improve 1.1. Increased supply of economic research	Number of key research results that could be articulated in a policy recommendation	cies and refo	orms throug	h producing	g evidence, l 5-6	Documentary analysis on research papers produced throughout the year Frequency: annually	Results presented in the M&E Report / Annual Report	Research results are used and taken up by respective policymakers.
	1.2 Increased capacity among stakeholders (employees, Advisory Board, experts, trained individuals and CSOs) for understanding and/or conduct of economic analysis and usage of economic data	Number of persons of stakeholders affected	25	25	25	25	Pre/Post measure- ments of increased skills on workshops/ seminars/trainings Frequency: Ad hoc	Capacity building events Networking/ retreat meetings	FT conducts activity(ies) resulting in increased capacity of stakeholders to understand and/or conduct economic analysis and use economic data
	1.3 Strengthened quality review process	Number of internal and external reviews conducted	14 inter- nal 8 exter- nal	10 5	10 5	10 5	Evidence lists (publications produced and if they went through internal or external peer-review, or both.) Frequency: Annual	Results presented in the M&E Report / Annual Report	In the long run, FT quality depends on the quality of the publications (and related products) produced. The quality of the publications (and, particularly, policy studies) will increase if they are exposed to internal and especially external verification

Short term outcomes	Increased number of FT research publica- tions (policy studies, journal articles, books/ manuals)	Number of research publi- cations	10	10-12	10-12	10-12	Counting own publications	Research and materials	More decision-makers/ journalists/ other experts will be informed about recommendations made in the policy papers, and consequently will use them in their work.
	Increased number of the FT regular publica- tions (Macro-monitor, FT Comments, FT Opinion, Briefs etc.)	Number of regular publi- cations	22	20-25	20-25	20-25	Counting own regular publications	Regular publications	More publications help reach key audi- ences
	Increased number of the FT visual publica- tions (graphs, in- fo-graphs, GIFs, videos etc.)	Number of visual publica- tions	99	70	70	70	Counting own visual products	Visual publications	
	FT publications: are source of information credible	% of persons who respond- ed "to a full extent"	97%	75%	75%	75%	Own survey with stakeholders	Results presented in the M&E Report	
	Increased number of external experts, who participated in FT projects	Number of experts	8	8-12	8-12	8-12	Evidence lists (experts appear as authors, bloggers, trainers etc.) Frequency: Annual	Events (seminars, workshops, meetings) for experts	Increased cooperation on economic/ social issues will mean stronger capacity for producing credible research evidence and hence stronger capacity for impact

Increased number of	Number of	19	12	12	12	Collection of jour-	Events (seminars,	More articles in
journalists, who par-	journalists					nalistic stories	trainings, media	media on economic/
ticipated in FT proj-	writing about						clubs) for journalists	social issues will
ects, writing about the	economic/							lead to better aware-
local and/or regional	social issues,							ness of people about
economy	based on FT's							current problems,
	findings and							and to a more active
	products							role in economic/
								societal life.
Enhanced cooperation	Number of	11	10	10	10	Own counting and	MoUs	The more FT coop-
between FT and think	think tanks					classification	Proposals / Policy	erates with other
tanks, specifically on	from other						documents, pre-	prominent think
economic/social issues	countries						pared together with	tanks, the better
from other countries.	with which						foreign think tanks,	recommendations
	FT cooperates						study visits	they can develop for
	in economic							their governments
	issues							and influence the
	Number of							decision-making
	think tanks	4	5	5	5			process in the whole
	which FT							region.
	cooperates in-							
	tensively (e.g.							
	on particular							
	project)							
Generated new data	Number of	27	15	15	15	Own information		FT conducts surveys
	data-collect-	,						in various occasions.
	ing instru-							These frequently
	ments applied							contain new indi-
	(survey,							cators. By so doing,
	focus-groups,							the space for new
	interviews etc.)							research widens.
	, ,						l .	

	Increased amount of web resources (data, evidence, research, regulations)	Number of web platforms maintained	8 8	8	FT propagates its research through supplying to stake- holders and the public at large, web resources. This increases the base for doing economic research.
10					

3.2 Objective 2: To increase the effect of Finance Thinks' products on target groups (skills), economic policymaking (policies and reforms), and society (awareness)

The second objective of the institute is to increase its effect on the target groups, economic policy-making and society, through the following short and long-term changes:



Short-term changes:

Increased confidence in and demand for the FT research

Increased number of media appearances

Increased number of opinion leaders participating in the FT's public events on economic issues



Long-term changes:

Increased takeup of research results by policymakers

Increased number of reforms being in line with FT recommendations/ advice

Increased positive impact of FT's work on immediate target groups

Increased, more structured and inclusive debate on economic policies and reforms



Ultimate change:

Increased effect that Finance Think's products (work) have on target groups, economic policymaking, reforms and society

Table 2 gives summary of the indicators, outcomes and outputs that will monitor and evaluate the fulfilment of this objective.

Table 2: Monitoring and evaluation strategy for Objective 2

Objectives									
and out-		Indicator	Baseline (2020)	2021	2022	2023	Data source	Outputs	Assumptions
comes									
Objective 2	To increase the (awareness)	effect that Finance Thir	ık's products (work) ha	ve on target g	roups (skills),	economic poli	cymaking (policie	es and reforms), a	nd society
Long term	2.1. Increased	Number of FT key	Many of the recom-	Qualitative	Qualitative	Qualitative	Documentary	M&E Report /	
outcomes	uptake of re-	policy recommen-	mendations related	assessment	assessment	assessment	analysis of	Annual report	
	search results	dations put in the	to the measures to	of improve-	of improve-	of improve-	laws, regula-		
	by policymak-	pipeline by the gov-	deal with the eco-	ment	ment	ment	tions, govern-		
	ers	ernment	nomic consequences				ment docu-		
		An issue is added	of Covid-19 were				ments.		
		on policymakers'	taken into account				Qualitative		
		agendas	in the current or				tracking of the		
		An issue is dis-	revised design of				policy debate		
		cussed, or framed	the measures. The				Qualitative		
		differently due to the					tracking of		
		institute's work	were aligned with				policymakers		
			the realities of the				statements and		
			predictions of our				positioning		
			MK-MOD in the				Frequency:		
			government pro-				annually		
			gram. Our findings						
			on parafiscal levies						
			were taken into						
			account for further						
			action.						

	2.2 Increased impact of the FT's research and materials on North Macedonia's economy and economic policies	Number of govern- ment moves in line with FT recommen- dations/ opinions/ advice	Same as the previous line. Additionally, many other moves of lesser importance were in line with the FT recommendations.	Qualitative assessment of improve- ment	Qualitative assessment of improve- ment	Qualitative assessment of improve- ment	Watchdog of government moves versus FT opinions expressed in its advocacy instruments Frequency: annually	M&E Report / Annual report	
	2.3. Increased positive impact of FT's work on immediate target groups	% of immediate target groups who expressed satisfac- tion with the partici- pation in FT activity (workshop, seminar, training, re-grant)	N.A. During 2020, no workshops were held due to the pandemic.	75%	75%	75%	Questionnaires to immediate groups, pre/ post event Frequency: ad hoc		
	2.4. Increased debate on eco- nomic policies and reforms	Number of media appearances and citations Number of events	371 28	225	225 25	225 25	Media reports, press clippings etc. Frequency: annually		
Short term outcomes	Growing confidence in and reach of the FT research and expert opinions	Number of views in social media of the FT's posts, number of FT Facebook and Twitter page follow-	FT followers, 22.756 Twitter followers, 367 FB post engagement,	23.000	23.500	24.000	Social media reports	Annual reports	
	on economic issues.	ers, LinkedIn posts	24.105 monthly (average) FB posts, 12 weekly FB page views, 1.723 monthly (average)	7-10 1.500	7-10 1.500	7-10 1.500			
		% of FT products published in popular	LinkedIn posts, 3 per week 90%	70%	5 70%	5 70%	Press clippings		
		media (even shortly)							

	The FT's public events on economic issues (eco- nomic forums, round tables, press coffees etc.) attended and positively responded by	Certain number and quality of feedbacks from decision-makers on FT`s events (e.g. letters from the government with promise to use FT recommendation / adopting any official document).	12 feedbacks from officials (feedback on policy briefs or invit- ing for cooperation)		5-10	5-10	Feedbacks received	Public events, closed meet- ings, study visits of foreign opinion leaders / delegations to North Macedo- nia.	in the policy papers and discussed at FT events, and
	relevant gov- ernment deci- sion makers	% of FT's public events attended by government relevant decision makers	100% FT's public events attended by government relevant decision makers	75%	80%	80%			consequently will use them in their work.
	Increased number of media appear- ances	Number of media appearances (state- ments, interviews, expert opinions)	65	60	60	60	Press clippings Frequency: Annual		More appearances/citations in media on economic
	Increased number of citation of research/ ad- vocacy publica- tions in media	Number of media citations	308	200	200	200			issues, will lead to better awareness from people about current economic problems, and to a more ac- tive role in eco- nomic/societal life, it will also boost support of economic
									policy reforms

FT publications: raise awareness spark debate	% of persons who responded "to a large extent"	90%	75%	75%	75%	Own survey with stakehold- ers	Results presented in the M&E Report	
Growing number of opinion leaders participating in the FT's public	Number of opinion leaders, who take part in FT`s events	FT events attract a lot of attention, both from the participants and the media. The main policy	Qualitative assessment	Qualitative assessment	Qualitative assessment	Attendees list	Public events	Public events like confer- ences, semi- nars held in Skopje as well
events on economic issues.		makers and influential people in public discourse participate in them, mainly as speakers.						as in the region can involve experts from the region. It will influence better support of economic policy as well as implementing of reforms.

3.3 Objective 3: To develop the institutional capacity of Finance Think, in terms of research, advocacy, funding and communication, to have a stronger impact on economic reforms and the effects economic policies have for citizens

The third objective that will be monitored and evaluated within this strategy is the institutional development of the Institute in order to have a stronger impact on economic reforms and the effects economic policies have for citizens. The achievement of this objective should follow this process of changes:



Short-term changes:

Increased transparency and financial discipline

Increased confidence in FT's research materials

Improved procedures for strategic and operational planning and evaluation

Increased skills of the FT's employees

Enhanced cooperation between FT and think tanks

Increased exposure to the international academic and CSOs scene,



Long-term changes:

Increased demand for FT research materials

Increased quality of research materials

Increased financial sustainability

Increased capacity for operational and strategic planning



Ultimate change:

Developed institutional capacity that leads to increased impact on economic reforms and policies

The indicators, outputs and outcomes that will be evaluated within this process of changes are given in Table 3.

Table 3: Monitoring and evaluation strategy for Objective 3

Objectives									
and out-		Indicator	Baseline (2020)	2021	2022	2023	Data source	Outputs	Assumptions
comes									
Objective 3	To develop the in	nstitutional capacity of	Finance Think, in term	s of resea	rch, advo	cacy, fund	ling and commun	ication, to have a	stronger impact on economic
	reforms and the	effects economic polici	es have for citizens						
Long term	3.1 Increased	Request for conduct-	13	5-7 re-	5-7 re-	6-8 re-	Analysis of		If research materials are
outcomes	demand for FT	ing research from	Some of the requests	quests	quests	quests	work and im-		more used by relevant
	research mate-	the government,	were not accepted				pact		stakeholders, the visibility
	rials from the	business and inter-	due to limited re-						and reputation of the think
	government,	national community	sources						tanks increases
	business and					-			
	international								
	community								
	(increased								
	relevance of								
	these research								
	materials)								
	3.2 Financial	Improved finan-	Application approval	>33%	>33%	>33%	Own records	Internal	Implementing of Auditor`s
	sustainability	cial sustainability	rate(48%)					policies and	recommendations will also
	of FT	(strengthened fund-						documents;	guarantee transparency of
		raising)						Accounting	the organization (what is
		Implementing audi-	100% of recommen-	100%	100%	100%		reports	also good for fundraising)
		tor`s recommenda-	dations are imple-						as well as generate evidence
		tions	mented						on financial risks

	3.3 Improved quality of FT materials	Stakeholders which take part in the opinion poll of FT give positive evaluation of FT`s research/advocacy materials. (% of those who responded "yes, to a certain or full extent")	83%	75%	75%	75%	Analysis of external ex- pert reviews, individual interviews and annual online surveys of part- ners, donors and stakehold- ers		
	3.4 Increased capacity for operational and strategic planning	All operational and strategic plans are designed, their ful- fillment is monitored	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Short term outcomes	Increased demand from the government for research materials of FT or feedback, implementing more projects together with the government	Feedbacks form the government	Most of feedbacks from the govern- ment are positive	Most of feed-backs from the government are positive	Most of feed-backs from the government are positive	Most of feed-backs from the government are positive	informal feed- backs gathered from govern- ment officials	Policy papers, public events, closed meetings with the authorities.	Demand and positive feed- back from the government on research materials of FT will mean better influence capacity of FT
	FT produces positive socie- tal change	Average grade of persons who responded on a 1-9 scale (1 = fully negative, 5 = no change, 9 = fully positive)	8.1	7.5	7.5	7.5	Own survey of stakeholders	M&E Report	

FT provokes trust with stakeholders	% of persons who responded "I trust fully" or "I trust to a certain extent" on a 1-5 scale (1 = fully trustful, 3 = indifferent, 5 = fully doubtful)	97%	85%	85%	85%	Own survey of stakeholders	M&E Report	
Increased transparency and financial discipline by	Fulfillment of Audit recommendations	Audit recommenda- tions: 100% com- plete	100%	100%	100%		Trainings and courses, internal policies	Financial sustainability will guarantee the possibility of FT to plan and implement its activities. In such cases,
improving accounting policies as well as through annual public reporting.								FT will be one of the Macedonian think tanks that will be able to contribute to the implementation of economic reforms in North Macedonia.
Implementing of procedures aimed at ensuring quality of research materials as well assurance sufficient number of qualified analysts		100% of research and materials are peer reviewed inter- nally 100% of policy studies are peer-re- viewed externally	100%	100%	100%		Trainings	Preparing policy papers in accordance with internal policies will ensure quality of the research, which will ensure the reputation of FT and its capacity to influence the decision-making process.

Improved procedures for strategic and operational planning and evaluation	Participation of stakeholders in plan- ning and evaluation	All internal stake- holders participated in such activities. During 2020, the FT did not organize such activities for external stakehold- ers.	100%	100%	100%		Staff retreats, meetings for strategic and operational planning, study visits to foreign think tanks, trainings	Strategic and operational planning as well as learning from the experience of foreign think tanks will ensure better capacity of FT for institutional stability and organizational development and therefore will guarantee increased influence of FT
Increased skills in FT	Increasing the skills of the current FT's employees	100% of FT's employees completed trainings and courses to upgrade their skills	75%	75%	75%	Evaluation compete		By taking capacity build- ing, hiring new people and adopting best practices of other think tanks we will ensure we have the right set of skills to strengthen FT's work and impact
	Hiring new employ-	2, to replace outgo- ing staff	1 new	1 new	1 new			
	Number of adopted best practices of leading foreign think tanks after employ- ees participate in experience projects	1	1	1	1			
Enhanced co- operation be- tween FT and think tanks, specifically on economic/so- cial issues from other coun- tries.	Number of think tanks from other countries with which FT cooperates in economic issues	10	10	10	10		MoUs Proposals / Policy documents, prepared together with foreign think tanks, study visits	The more FT cooperates with other prominent think tanks, the better recommendations they can develop for their governments and influence the decision-making process in the whole region.

Inc	creased	Number of region-	5	6	6	6	Papers/ docu-	The more FT is	expose	ed
exp	posure to the	al/ international					ments pre-	to the regional	and int	er-
int	ternational	forums/ conferences					sented at such	national CSO so	cene th	e
aca	ademic and	/ similar events vis-					events	more credibility	y attain	ıs,
CS	SO scenes,	ited/ attended						which then is ca	rucial f	or the
thr	rough par-							positioning on	the don	nestic
tici	ipation at							CSO market		
reg	gional and				1					
int	ternational									
for	rums, con-									
fer	rences and									
net	tworks.									

Conclusion

In order to achieve its mission "to enhance the impact on economic and social trends and policies on citizens in North Macedonia and the Western Balkans", the Institute will use the given outputs (Column 4) that will cause immediate and intermediate changes directed toward fulfillment of the specific objectives:

IMPACT:							
	Intermediate	Immediate					
Objective	outcomes	outcomes	Outputs				
To contribute to improve economic policies and reforms through producing evidence, based on economic research and driven by economic data	 Increased supply of economic research Increased capacity among target groups for conduct of economic research Strengthened quality review process 	- Increased number of the FT publications - Increased number of external experts and journalists who participate in FT projects - Enhanced cooperation with think tanks	 Research and publications Visualizations Internal policies and documents Events Capacity building events 				
To increase the effect that Finance Think's products (work) have on target groups (skills), economic policymaking (policies and reforms), and society (awareness)	- Increased take up of research results by policymakers - Increased number of reforms being in line with FT recommendations/ advice - Increased positive impact of FT's work on immediate target groups - Increased, more structured and inclusive debate on economic policies and reforms	- Generated new data - Increased confidence in and demand for the FT research - Increased number of media appearances - Increased number of opinion leaders participating in the FT's public events on economic issues	- Advocacy and communications - Internal policy documents				
To develop the institutional capacity of Finance Think, in terms of research, advocacy, funding and communication, to have a stronger impact on economic	- Increased demand for FT research materials - Increased quality of research materials - Increased financial sustainability - Increased capacity for operational and strategic planning	- Increased transparency and financial discipline - Increased confidence in FT's research materials - Improved procedures for strategic and operational planning and evaluation - Increased skills of the FT's employees - Enhanced cooperation between FT and think tanks - Increased exposure to the international academic and CSO scene	- Capacity building events - Internal policy documents - Research and publications				

